

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School Orlando, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Florida Virtual School (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis-of-Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note II.A to the financial statements, in the year ended June 30, 2023, the School adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") Number 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Concluded)

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Other Postemployment Benefit Schedules, and Pension Schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2024, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 20, 2024

The management of the Florida Virtual School (the "School") has prepared the following discussion and analysis to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (b) provide an overview and analysis of the School's financial activities; (c) identify changes in the School's financial position; (d) identify material deviations from the approved budget; and (e) highlight significant issues in individual funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Because the information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events and conditions, it should be considered in conjunction with the School's financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2022-2023 fiscal year are as follows:

- In total, net position decreased \$4,335,974 during the 2022-23 fiscal year. This decrease is primarily due to the increase in net pension liability.
- The School's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$107,267,985 at the end of the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$21,089,719 represents investments in capital assets, \$4,176,998 represents Restricted for State Categoricals and \$82,001,268 represents unrestricted net position.
- Total revenues of \$369,064,007 were comprised of revenues generated from governmental activities in the amount of \$328,356,819 and \$40,707,188 generated from business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$145,534,810. This is an increase of \$8,237,130 in comparison with the prior year due to an increase in state funding of \$29 in base student allocation.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund, representing the net current financial resources available for contingency, future initiatives, and research and development appropriations by the Board, totals \$120,948,840 at June 30, 2023, or 38.0 percent of total General Fund revenues.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements.
- Fund financial statements.
- Notes to the financial statements.

In addition, this report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (or school-wide financial statements) provide both short-term and long-term information about the School's overall financial condition in a manner similar to a privatesector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the activities of the primary government presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position presents information about the School's financial position, its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the School's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the School's net position, the results of operations during the fiscal year.

The government-wide statements present the School's activities in two categories:

- Governmental activities This represents most of the School's services including its educational programs. Support functions such as curriculum, technology and administration are also included. The State's education finance program provides most of the resources that support these activities.
- Business-type activities This consists of the School's FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School and the Florida franchises, which includes functions that are intended to recover all of their costs through user fees and charges for services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entity-wide perspective contained in the government-wide statements.

All of the funds of the School can be divided into two categories:

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions
reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the
governmental funds utilize a spendable financial resources measurement focus rather than the
economic resources measurement focus found in the government-wide financial statements. The
financial resources measurement focus allows the governmental fund statements to provide
information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of
spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide

financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School adopts an annual appropriations budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

- Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds may be established to account for activities in which a fee is charged for services. Two types of proprietary funds are maintained.
 - Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The School uses the enterprise fund to account for its FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School and Florida franchises divisions.
 - Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide goods and services to support the School's other programs and functions through user charges. The School uses the internal service fund to account for its health insurance and course development activities. The School's internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated column in the proprietary fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following is a summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022:

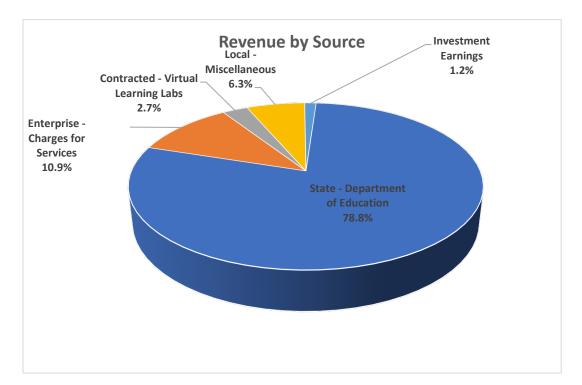
Net Position, End of Year										
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal				
	6-30-23	6-30-22	6-30-23	6-30-22	6-30-23	6-30-22				
Current Assets	\$ 201,474,513	\$ 189,790,867	\$ 78,746,061	\$ 75,577,184	\$ 280,220,574	\$ 265,368,051				
Capital Assets	27,384,379	23,689,340	29,573	6,951	27,413,952	23,696,291				
Total Assets	228,858,892	213,480,207	78,775,634	75,584,135	307,634,526	289,064,342				
Deferred outflows of Resources	117,691,676	99,048,208	4,903,821	4,127,009	122,595,497	103,175,217				
Other Liabilities	23,219,273	23,532,468	3,861,165	5,979,159	27,080,438	29,511,627				
Long-Term Liabilities	265,924,940	141,555,330	11,472,076	6,759,551	277,397,016	148,314,881				
Total Liabilities	289,144,213	165,087,798	15,333,241	12,738,710	304,477,454	177,826,508				
Deferred inflows of Resources	17,745,198	98,696,727	739,386	4,112,365	18,484,584	102,809,092				
Net Position:										
Invested in Capital Assets	21,060,146	21,774,565	29,573	6,951	21,089,719	21,781,516				
Restricted for State Categoricals	4,176,998	4,448,999	-	-	4,176,998	4,448,999				
Unrestricted (Deficit)	14,424,013	22,520,326	67,577,255	62,853,118	82,001,268	85,373,444				
Total Net Position	\$ 39,661,157	\$ 48,743,890	\$ 67,606,828	\$ 62,860,069	\$ 107,267,985	\$ 111,603,959				

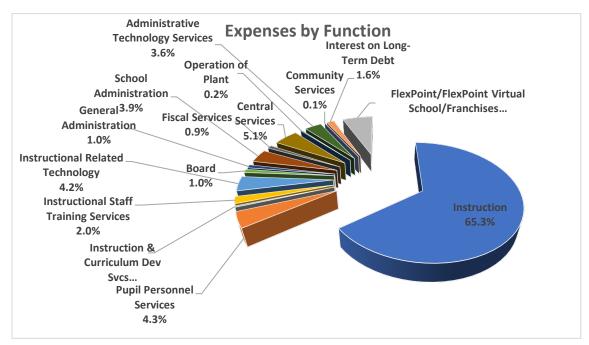
In the case of the School's total governmental and business-type activities, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$107,267,985 at the end of the fiscal year. Of this amount \$21,089,719 represents investment in capital assets, \$4,176,998 represents Restricted for State Categoricals, and \$82,001,268 represents unrestricted net position.

The following is a summary of the School's changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, as follows:

	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities				Total			
	 6-30-23 6-30		6-30-23	6-30-22	6-30-23	6-30-22		
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$-	\$ 40,058,123	\$ 54,540,127	\$ 40,058,123	\$ 54,540,127		
General Revenues:								
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted								
to Specific Programs	290,977,520	299,636,900	-	-	290,977,520	299,636,900		
Virtual Learning Labs	10,076,799	10,442,518	-	-	10,076,799	10,442,518		
Miscellaneous Local	23,348,470	7,750,783	14,395	46,366	23,362,865	7,797,149		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	 3,954,030	242,376	634,670	11,741	4,588,700	254,117		
Total Revenues	 328,356,819	318,072,577	40,707,188	54,598,234	369,064,007	372,670,811		
Functions/Program Expenses:								
Instruction	243,660,750	223,461,910	-	-	243,660,750	223,461,910		
Pupil Personnel Services	15,984,330	12,047,962	-	-	15,984,330	12,047,962		
Instruction & Curriculum Dev Svcs	1,270,805	645,213	-	-	1,270,805	645,213		
Instructional Staff Training Services	7,299,522	3,067,070	-	-	7,299,522	3,067,070		
Instructional Related Technology	15,505,060	13,106,842	-	-	15,505,060	13,106,842		
Board	3,827,077	3,791,106	-	-	3,827,077	3,791,106		
General Administration	3,557,533	1,585,280	-	-	3,557,533	1,585,280		
School Administration	14,546,478	12,839,419	-	-	14,546,478	12,839,419		
Fiscal Services	3,471,853	2,686,336	-	-	3,471,853	2,686,336		
Central Services	18,980,323	14,464,411	-	-	18,980,323	14,464,411		
Operation of Plant	912,021	2,277,550	-	-	912,021	2,277,550		
Administrative Technology Services	13,519,776	13,592,695	-	-	13,519,776	13,592,695		
Community Services	195,087	163,848	-	-	195,087	163,848		
Interest on Long Term Debt	6,111,656	36,439		-	6,111,656	36,439		
FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual Schools & Franchises			24,557,710	29,036,865	24,557,710	29,036,865		
Total Expenses	 348,842,271	303,766,081	24,557,710	29,036,865	373,399,981	332,802,946		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over								
(under) expenses	(20,485,452)	14,306,496	16,149,478	25,561,369	(4,335,974)	39,867,865		
Other financial sources (uses)								
Transfers In	11,402,719	21,000,000		-	11,402,719	21,000,000		
Transfers Out	 -	-	(11,402,719)	(21,000,000)	(11,402,719)	(21,000,000)		
Total other financial sources (uses)	 11,402,719	21,000,000	(11,402,719)	(21,000,000)	-	-		
Change in net position	(9,082,733)	35,306,496	4,746,759	4,561,369	(4,335,974)	39,867,865		
Beginning Net Position, as previously reported	 48,743,890	13,437,394	62,860,069	58,298,700	111,603,959	71,736,094		
Net Position, ending	\$ 39,661,157	\$ 48,743,890	\$ 67,606,828	\$ 62,860,069	\$ 107,267,985	\$ 111,603,959		

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (78.8 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. Included in the FEFP funds is revenue the School receives for both part-time and full-time programs. The FEFP formula utilizes student enrollment data and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts. The Florida Virtual School is a unique member of the FEFP in that revenues are only earned for students that successfully complete a course.





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party or by the School.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$120,948,840, which represents an increase of \$3,522,766 or 3 percent from the previous year. The total unassigned fund balance represents 38.0 percent of total General Fund revenues. It is necessary for the School to maintain a fund balance which is higher than what is normally expected of many other Governmental agencies in order to (1) have funds available to periodically improve its products and services through capital investment, since the School is not authorized to borrow funds; (2) have adequate reserves available to cover the effects of potential State funding cuts, potential unanticipated enrollment or course completion reductions (Florida Virtual School is a choice school funded through successful student course completions), and unanticipated effects of the Florida 1.0 FTE sharing formula (funding per student varies based upon the proportionate share of courses taken with the School compared to other public schools in the State).

Major Proprietary Funds

The Enterprise fund are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the governmentwide financial statements. The School uses the enterprise funds to account for its FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School and Florida franchises divisions. The fund had total revenues of \$40,707,188 total expenditures and transfers-out of \$35,960,429. The School recorded a net position of \$67,606,828 at June 30, 2023. The receivable balance of \$7,146,301 at June 30, 2023, represents amounts due from FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual and franchise customers.

Major Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for certain Federal program resources, such as grants, which are typically funded on a cost-reimbursement basis. During the fiscal year the funds had total revenues of \$7,399,704, and total expenditures of \$7,375,690. The receivables balance of \$1,180,273 at June 30, 2023, represents amounts due from other agencies for outstanding reimbursements due for expenditures incurred during the fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget

During the 2022-2023 fiscal year, the School amended its General Fund budget several times to account for budget increases/decreases in revenue, primarily due to changes in student completion forecasts and State funding adjustments.

The actual General Fund revenues were lower than the adjusted budgeted revenues by \$451,226 due to the decrease in state sources and the increase in other local sources. The actual General Fund expenditures were less than the adjusted budgeted appropriations by \$30,354,406 due to several unfilled job opportunities as well as various other budgetary accounts that were not fully expended. Included in the unexpended fund balance are outstanding purchasing commitments of \$1,577,552, restricted categorical programs of \$4,176,998, assigned for research and development of \$7,775,326, and rebudgeted programs of \$10,983,870.

CAPITAL ASSET & LONG-TERM DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$27,413,952 (net of accumulated depreciation). The School's capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and equipment; computer software and courses; and a learning management system. The total increase in the School's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$3,717,661.

Long-Term Debt

In accordance with GASB 87 FLVS capitalized \$1,848,786 right to use assets consisting of data servers, racks and the main headquarters office building that are leased. The associated lease obligation was also reported.

In accordance with GASB 96 FLVS capitalized \$4,176,249 subscription based IT assets for Workday software. The associated lease obligations were also reported.

Additional information on the capital assets and long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

OTHER SIGNIFICANT MATTERS

In developing the 2023-2024 fiscal year budget, the School considered many factors, including the following:

- The adjustment of the completion and revenue forecasts for the School prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Federal and State funding sources available to defray costs of COVID-19 prevention and response ending in fiscal year 2024.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Corey Wheeler (<u>cowheeler@flvs.net</u>), Senior Director, Financial and Treasury Services, The Florida Virtual School, 5422 Carrier Drive, Suite 201, Orlando, Florida, 32819.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2023

The Florida Virtual School Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary	Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 73,015,695	\$ 41,124,179	\$ 114,139,874
Investments	112,843,128	30,475,581	143,318,709
Accounts Receivable, net	14,142,839	7,146,301	21,289,140
Due from Other Agencies	1,472,851	-	1,472,851
Capital Assets:			
Development in Progress	21,650	-	21,650
Depreciable, net	27,362,729	29,573	27,392,302
Total Assets	228,858,892	78,775,634	307,634,526
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Other Postemployment Benefits	10,258,449	427,435	10,685,884
Pensions	107,433,227	4,476,386	111,909,613
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	117,691,676	4,903,821	122,595,497
LIABILITIES			
Wages and Benefits Payable	14,315,473	974,892	15,290,365
Accounts Payable	6,992,693	610,964	7,603,657
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	1,867,066	-	1,867,066
Due to Other Agencies	39,706	-	39,706
Unearned Revenue	4,335	2,275,309	2,279,644
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Portion Due and Payable Within One Year:			
Liability for Compensated Absences Liability for right to use asset	3,351,566 2,047,549	104,139 -	3,455,705 2,047,549
Portion Due and Payable After One Year:			
Liability for Compensated Absences	32,998,874	898,924	33,897,798
Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits	25,019,425	1,042,477	26,061,902
Liability for right to use asset	4,276,684	-	4,276,684
Liability for Florida Retirement Pension & Health Subsidy	198,230,842	9,426,536	207,657,378
Total Liabilities	289,144,213	15,333,241	304,477,454
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Other Postemployment Benefits	8,725,092	363,547	9,088,639
Pensions	9,020,106	375,839	9,395,945
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,745,198	739,386	18,484,584
NET POSITION			
Investment in Capital Assets	21,060,146	29,573	21,089,719
Restricted for State Categoricals	4,176,998	-	4,176,998
Unrestricted	14,424,013	67,577,255	82,001,268
Total Net Position	\$ 39,661,157	\$ 67,606,828	\$ 107,267,985

The Florida Virtual School Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
					Operating		Capital			Primary Government		
			С	harges for	Grants and		Grants and	C	Governmental	Business-type		
FUNCTIONS/ PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services	Contributions	C	Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities:												
Instruction	\$	243,660,750	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	(243,660,750)	\$-	\$ (243,660,750)	
Pupil Personnel Services		15,984,330		-	-		-		(15,984,330)	-	(15,984,330)	
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		1,270,805		-	-		-		(1,270,805)	-	(1,270,805)	
Instructional Staff Training Services		7,299,522		-	-		-		(7,299,522)	-	(7,299,522)	
Instructional Related Technology		15,505,060		-	-		-		(15,505,060)	-	(15,505,060)	
Board		3,827,077		-	-		-		(3,827,077)	-	(3,827,077)	
General Administration		3,557,533		-	-		-		(3,557,533)	-	(3,557,533)	
School Administration		14,546,478		-	-		-		(14,546,478)	-	(14,546,478)	
Fiscal Services		3,471,853		-	-		-		(3,471,853)	-	(3,471,853)	
Central Services		18,980,323		-	-		-		(18,980,323)	-	(18,980,323)	
Operation of Plant		912,021		-	-		-		(912,021)	-	(912,021)	
Administrative Technology Services		13,519,776		-	-		-		(13,519,776)	-	(13,519,776)	
Community Service		195,087		-	-		-		(195,087)	-	(195,087)	
Interest on Long term Debt (Leases)		6,111,656		-	-		-		(6,111,656)		(6,111,656)	
Total Governmental Activities		348,842,271		-	-		-		(348,842,271)	-	(348,842,271)	
Business-type Activities:												
FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School & Franchises		24,557,710		40,058,123	-		-		-	15,500,413	15,500,413	
Total Primary Government	\$	373,399,981	\$	40,058,123	\$-	\$	-		(348,842,271)	15,500,413	(333,341,858)	
General Revenues:												
Taxes:												
Grants and Contributions not Restr	icted to	Specific Progra	ms						290,977,520	-	290,977,520	
Virtual Learning Labs									10,076,799	-	10,076,799	
Miscellaneous Local									23,348,470	14,395	23,362,865	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings									3,954,030	634,670	4,588,700	
Transfers In (Out)									11,402,719	(11,402,719)		
Total General Revenues and Trans	fers								339,759,538	(10,753,654)	329,005,884	
									,,			
	Cha	nge in Net Posit	tion						(9,082,733)	4,746,759	(4,335,974)	
	Net	Position - Beginn	ning						48,743,890	62,860,069	111,603,959	
	Net	Position, Ending	g					\$	39,661,157	\$ 67,606,828	\$ 107,267,985	

The Florida Virtual School Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	G	eneral Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	48,421,340	\$ 72,311	\$ 48,493,651
Investments		102,574,911	-	102,574,911
Accounts Receivable, net		9,591,118	-	9,591,118
Due from Other Funds		850,293	-	850,293
Due from Other Agencies		292,578	1,180,273	1,472,851
Total Assets	\$	161,730,240	\$ 1,252,584	\$ 162,982,824
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Salaries, Benefits, and Payroll Taxes Payable		13,269,425	258,594	13,528,019
Accounts Payable		2,973,104	52,557	3,025,661
Due to Other Funds		-	850,293	850,293
Due to Other Agencies		20,790	18,916	39,706
Unapplied Payments		4,335	-	4,335
Total Liabilities		16,267,654	1,180,360	17,448,014
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for State Categoricals		4,176,998	-	4,176,998
Assigned for Encumbrances		1,577,552	-	1,577,552
Assigned for Re-budget		10,983,870	72,224	11,056,094
Assigned for Research & Development		7,775,326	-	7,775,326
Unassigned		120,948,840	-	120,948,840
Total Fund Balance		145,462,586	 72,224	 145,534,810
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	161,730,240	\$ 1,252,584	\$ 162,982,824

The Florida Virtual School Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	145,534,810
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.			27,384,379
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of its self-insurance			
program and course development. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in			
governmental activities in the statement of net position.			
Total Assets - Internal Service Fund	59,408,096		
Less: Total Liabilities - Internal Service Fund	(6,621,552)		
Less: Depreciable Assets Reported Above	(20,066,114)		32,720,430
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, OPEB and compensated absences payable,			
are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Net pension liability	(198,230,842)		
Other postemployment benefits payable	(25,019,425)		
Compensated absences payable	(36,350,440)		
Lease Liability	(6,324,233)		(265,924,940)
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment			
benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	10,258,449		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(8,725,092)		1,533,357
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions			
are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	107,433,227		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(9,020,106)		98,413,121
Net Position - Governmental Activities		¢	20 661 157
Net Position - Governmental Activities		φ	39,661,157

The Florida Virtual School Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Federal Through State Sources:			
Other Federal Through State Sources	\$-	\$ 7,212,885	\$ 7,212,885
Total Federal Through State		7,212,885	7,212,885
State Sources:			
Florida Education Finance Program	286,473,198	-	286,473,198
Reading Programs	2,631,720	-	2,631,720
Mental Health	2,314,296		
Other State Sources	13,678,556	69,162	13,747,718
Total State Sources	305,097,770	69,162	302,852,636
Local Sources:			
Other Local Sources	15,362,214	117,657	15,479,871
Total Local Sources	15,362,214	117,657	15,479,871
Total Revenues	320,459,984	7,399,704	325,545,392
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	223,209,574	3,978,260	227,187,834
Pupil Personnel Services	13,606,990	1,290,925	14,897,915
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	352,094	499,413	851,507
Instructional Staff Training Services	6,373,464	518,269	6,891,733
Instruction Related Technology	14,953,322	17,141	14,970,463
School Board	3,574,732	-	3,574,732
General Administration	2,899,970	435,373	3,335,343
School Administration	13,525,795	480,862	14,006,657
Fiscal Services	3,200,859	-	3,200,859
Central Services	17,716,094	61,803	17,777,897
Operation of Plant	658,628		658,628
Administrative Technology Services	16,190,552	-	16,190,552
Community Services	90,647	93,644	184,291
Debt Service:			
Principal	1,615,577	-	1,615,577
Interest	86,618	-	86,618
Capital Outlay:			
Other Capital Outlay	6,983,992	-	6,983,992
Total Expenditures	325,038,908	7,375,690	332,414,598
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(4,578,924)	24,014	(6,869,206)
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	6,767,005	-	6,767,005
Lease Proceeds	6,025,035	-	6,025,035
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)	12,792,040	-	12,792,040
Net Change in Fund Balance	8,213,116	24,014	5,922,834
FUND BALANCES			
Fund Balance, July 1, 2022	137,249,470	48,210	137,297,680
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 145,462,586	\$ 72,224	
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The Florida Virtual School Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	:	\$ 8,237,130
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount of capital outlay, \$6,983,992 less depreciation/amortization expense, (\$2,365,894) in the current period.		4,618,098
Repayment of debt principal is reflected as an expenditure in the governmental funds, however in the Statement of Net Position it is reflected as a reduction of liabilities and does not affect the statement of Activities.		
Proceeds from the issuance of Lease Obligations Repayment of debt principal for Leases	(6,025,035) 1,615,577	(4,409,458)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance and course development, to individual funds. The net revenue and transfers in of certain activities of internal service funds are report with governmental activities.		
Net Revenue		2,836,654
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions, as determined through an actuarial valuation, is reported as an OPEB expense.		
Increase in OPEB Liability Increase in Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	(3,182,631) 4,288,652 (3,268,083)	(2,162,062)
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an expense Decrease in Pension Liability Increase in Deferred Outflow of Resources - Pension	(113,197,568) 14,354,814	
Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	84,219,611	(14,623,143)
In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in		
excess of the amount paid in the current period.	_	(3,579,952)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (9,082,733)

The Florida Virtual School Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	В	Business-type Business-type Activities Activities		B	usiness-type Activities	E	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities		
		FlexPoint	FlexPoi	nt Virtual School		Franchises		Total	Intern	al Service Fund
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
Cash	\$	15,761,371	\$	8,814,825	\$	16,547,983	\$	41,124,179	\$	24,522,044
Investments		30,475,581		-		-		30,475,581		10,268,217
Accounts Receivable, net		3,729,788		119,355		3,297,158		7,146,301		4,551,721
Noncurrent Assets										
Capital Assets:										
Depreciable (net)		29,573		-		-		29,573		20,066,114
Total Assets		49,996,313		8,934,180		19,845,141		78,775,634		59,408,096
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Other Postemployment Benefits		213,719		106,858		106,858		427,435		-
Pensions		2,238,192		1,119,097		1,119,097		4,476,386		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,451,911		1,225,955		1,225,955		4,903,821		-
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Salaries and Benefits Payable		791,582		148,686		34,624		974,892		787,454
Accounts Payable		485,864		1,548		123,552		610,964		3,967,032
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable								-		1,867,066
Unearned Revenue		2,268,818		-		6,491		2,275,309		-
Long-term Liabilities:										
Portion Due and Payable Within One Year: Liability for Compensated Absences		40,426		51,536		12,177		104,139		-
Portion Due and Payable After One Year:										
Liability for Compensated Absences		481,697		218,603		198,624		898,924		-
Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits		521,239		260,619		260,619		1,042,477		-
Liability for Florida Retirement Pension & Health Subsidy		4,729,198		2,620,766		2,076,572		9,426,536		-
Total Liabilities		9,318,824		3,301,758		2,712,659		15,333,241		6,621,552
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Other Postemployment Benefits		181,773		98,459		83,315		363,547		-
Pensions		187,919		93,960		93,960		375,839		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		369,692		192,419		177,275		739,386		-
NET POSITION										
Invested in Capital Assets		29,573		-		-		29,573		20,066,114
Unrestricted		42,730,135		6,665,958		18,181,162		67,577,255		32,720,430
Total Net Position	\$	42,759,708	\$	6,665,958	\$	18,181,162	\$	67,606,828	\$	52,786,544

The Florida Virtual School Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities FlexPoint		Business-type Activities FlexPoint Virtual School			Business-type Activities Franchises	E	usiness-type Activities Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES											
Charges for Sales or Services	\$	19,911,543	\$	5,123,186	\$	15,023,394	\$	40,058,123	\$	13,303,478	
Premium Revenues		-		-		-		-		45,923,546	
Miscellaneous Revenues		-				14,395		14,395		4,486,060	
Total Operating Revenue		19,911,543		5,123,186		15,037,789		40,072,518		63,713,084	
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Salaries		4,930,114		1,806,777		884,749		7,621,640		5,763,059	
Employee Benefits		1,738,167		774,509		362,797		2,875,473		3,869,514	
Purchased Services		1,760,406		149,360		4,155,810		6,065,576		1,049,745	
Materials and Supplies		3,843,515		7,639		157,310		4,008,464		5,977	
Other Expenses		1,753,557		533,431		1,134,080		3,421,068		49,420,309	
Bad Debt Expense		556,762		-		-		556,762		-	
Unallocated Depreciation/Amortization Expense		8,123		-		604		8,727	. <u> </u>	5,900,671	
Total Operating Expenses		14,590,644		3,271,716		6,695,350		24,557,710		66,009,275	
Operating Income (Loss)		5,320,899		1,851,470		8,342,439		15,514,808		(2,296,191)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES											
Interest		634,670				<u> </u>		634,670	. <u> </u>	497,131	
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers		5,955,569		1,851,470		8,342,439		16,149,478		(1,799,060)	
Transfers In		-		-		-		-		4,635,714	
Transfers Out		3,867,237		768,478		6,767,004		11,402,719	·	-	
Change in Net Position Beginning Net Position		2,088,332 40,671,376		1,082,992 5,582,966		1,575,435 16,605,727		4,746,759 62,860,069		2,836,654 49,949,890	
Net Position - June 30, 2022	\$	42,759,708	\$	6,665,958	\$	18,181,162	\$	67,606,828	\$	52,786,544	

The Florida Virtual School Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities FlexPoint		Business-type Activities FlexPoint Virtual School		Business-type Activities Franchises		Business-type Activities Total		Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-									
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	22,353,831	\$	3,086,876	\$	14,392,204	\$	39,832,911	\$	62,382,386
Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(11,615,987)		(1,460,330)		(12,220,660)		(25,296,977)		(41,524,015)
Payments to Employees		(6,414,768)		(3,567,520)		(1,059,333)		(11,041,621)		(14,780,235)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		4,323,076		(1,940,974)		1,112,211		3,494,313		6,078,136
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(31,348)		-		-		(31,348)		(4,977,613)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(31,348)				<u> </u>		(31,348)		(4,977,613)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Interest on Investments		159,089		-		-		159,089		497,132
Purchases of Investments		(30,000,000)		-		-		(30,000,000)		5,554,630
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		(29,840,911)		-		<u> </u>		(29,840,911)		6,051,762
Net Change in Cash		(25,549,183)		(1,940,974)		1,112,211		(26,377,946)		7,152,285
Cash at Beginning of Year		41,310,554		10,755,799		15,435,772		67,502,125		17,369,759
Cash at End of Year	\$	15,761,371	\$	8,814,825	\$	16,547,983	\$	41,124,179	\$	24,522,044
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		5 222 200		4 054 470		0.040.400		45 544 000		(0.000.404)
Operating Income		5,320,899		1,851,470		8,342,439		15,514,808		(2,296,191)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:										
Amortization Expense		8,123		-		604		8,727		5,900,671
Transfers In		-		-		-		-		4,635,714
Transfers Out		(3,867,237)		(768,478)		(6,767,004)		(11,402,719)		-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:										
Accounts Receivable		1,572,053		2,565		(645,859)		928,759		(1,330,699)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other Postemployment Benefits		(89,348)		(44,673)		(44,673)		(178,694)		-
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		(299,058)		(149,531)		(149,531)		(598,120)		-
Accounts Payable		165,490		(1,203)		(6,453)		157,834		(139,336)
Salaries and Benefits Payable		(81,939)		(1,023,747)		(1,776)		(1,107,462)		139,844
Compensated Absences Payable		(14,241)		(137,557)		15,142		(136,656)		-
Unearned Revenue		870,234		(2,038,869)		275		(1,168,360)		-
Estimated Unpaid Claims for Self Insurance Program								-		(831,867)
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		66,306		33,152		33,153		132,611		-
Net Pension Liability		2,358,284		1,179,141		1,179,139		4,716,564		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Other Postemployment Benefits		68,085		34,043		(877,287)		(775,159)		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		(1,754,575)		(877,287)		34,042		(2,597,820)		-
Total adjustments		(997,823)		(3,792,444)		(7,230,228)		(12,020,495)		8,374,327
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	4,323,076	\$	(1,940,974)	\$	1,112,211	\$	3,494,313	\$	6,078,136

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees charged to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The School has no component units.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of The Florida Virtual School's (School) governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense is allocated to the various functions.

B. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Florida Virtual School (the School) was established by an act of the Florida Legislature, as specified under Title XLVIII, Chapter 1002, Section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, to develop and deliver online and distance learning education. The School initiated online activities in August 1997 in partnership with the School Board of Alachua County and Orange County Public Schools with the name of Florida Online High School. As a result of legislative activity in 2001, the Florida Online High School changed its name to The Florida Virtual School and ended its partnership with the School Board of Alachua and Orange County Public Schools. The Florida Virtual School is a component unit of the State of Florida.

The School is governed by a board of trustees consisting of seven members appointed by the Governor. Members have experience working in a variety of fields such as education, business, and government. The board of trustees is required to meet a minimum of four times each year. The board members and the President who served during the 2022-2023 fiscal year are shown below:

> Board Members Dr. John Watret, Chair Ms. Linda Reiter, Co-Chair Dr. Tony Arza Ms. Kelly Garcia Mr. Robert Kornahrens Mr. Edward Pozzuoli

Dr. Louis Algaze, President & CEO

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole. These statements include the non-fiduciary financial activity of the primary government. The statements distinguish between governmental activities of the School and those that are considered business-type activities.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities and for each segment of the business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

The School eliminates from the statement of net position and the statement of activities inter-fund transfers and most inter-fund receivables and payables between funds.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental and proprietary funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds which are presented in a separate column with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with the governmental fund financial statements.

The School reports the following major funds:

- <u>General Fund</u> to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

• <u>Enterprise Funds</u> – to account for the activities of FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School and Florida franchises.

Additionally, the School reports the following proprietary fund:

• <u>Internal Service Fund</u> – to account for the self-insurance activities and course development.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Revenues from the enterprise fund are recognized at the gross value earned. Commissions related to the sales are recorded as an expense. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance and collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The statement of cash flows considers cash as those accounts used as demand deposit accounts and investments.

2. Investments

Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, authorizes the School to invest in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, any intergovernmental investment pool, money market funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts, and direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Investments consist of amounts placed with the State Board of Administration for participation in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund investment pool created by Section 218.405,

Florida Statutes. This investment pool operates under investments guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes. The School's investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

3. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are presented on the balance sheet net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The School records an allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts in an amount approximating anticipated losses. Individual uncollectible accounts are written off against the allowance when collection of the individual accounts appears doubtful. The School recorded \$739,254 in losses for doubtful accounts as of June 30, 2023.

4. Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general School purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as those with a useful life greater than a year and costing more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

Internally generated software, such as coursework for the School, is recognized as an intangible asset. Expenditures relating to the creation of intangible assets are capitalized and reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. An intangible asset is recognized in the statement of net position only if it is considered identifiable.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Learning Management System	10 years
Internally Generated Courses & Purchased Software	4-7 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 years
Right to use Leased Assets	3-15 years

Current-year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

5. Leases

Florida Virtual school recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (leaseasset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, Florida Virtual School initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the useful life.

The school's leases and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

6. <u>Pensions</u>

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the School's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The School's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

7. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in a payment. A liability is reported for compensated absences in the governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

8. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only for the current portion of compensated absences expected to be paid using expendable available resources.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and, as such, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The School has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred amount on pensions reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The second is the deferred amount on Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in a subsequent note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred amount on pension which results from the difference in the expected and actual amounts of experience, earnings, and contributions. This amount is deferred and amortized over the service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan except earnings, which are amortized over 5 years. The second item is the deferred amounts on OPEB which results from the difference in expected and actual amount is deferred and amortized over the service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan except earnings, which are amortized over 5 years. The second item is the deferred amounts on OPEB which results from the difference in expected and actual amounts of experience and earnings. This amount is deferred and amortized over the service life of all employees that are provided with healthcare through the School's health insurance program.

10. Net Position

The government-wide and the business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets groups all capital assets into one component of net position, net of accumulated depreciation. Restricted net position includes all net position with external restrictions imposed by grantors or laws and regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the residual amount of net position of the School that is not restricted for any particular purpose.

11. Fund Balance Policy

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

- <u>Non-spendable</u> Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as inventory. All other categories of fund balance, other than non-spendable, are collectively known as spendable fund balance.
- <u>Restricted</u> Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed

restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- <u>Assigned</u> Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted. The School and the Board also have not established a policy to assign fund balance. However, certain actions taken by the School, as subsequently described, assign fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54. Upon the recommendation of the CEO, the board will impose constraints on any funds placed in the assigned classification. Included in the assigned fund balance in the General Fund is an amount for purchase order obligations outstanding that have not been already included as restricted fund balance. In addition, an amount is included in assigned fund balance for certain program budget carried over from year-to-year outside those required by State Statute as well as \$7,775,326 assigned to be used for research and development.
- <u>Unassigned</u> The residual fund balance remaining is reported as unassigned fund balance and is the excess of non-spendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance.

<u>Minimum Fund Balance Policy</u> – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Board itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through a commitment (committed fund balance). The Board does not have a policy regarding the commitment of fund balances. As such, the School does not report any committed fund balances. However, to ensure that an adequate fund balance is available for financial emergencies, it is a normal practice of the Board to annually budget at least an 15% reserve of its State (FEFP) and Virtual Learning Lab (VLL) revenue in its general fund budget.

<u>Fund Balance Flow Assumption</u> - Sometimes the School will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

F. <u>Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses</u>

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and the grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

2. State Revenue Sources

Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the Florida Department of Education (Department) under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the School determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Department. The Department performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the School. The School is permitted to amend its original reporting based on the DOE Schedule of FTE Amendments. Such amendments may impact funding allocations for subsequent years. The Department may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the School's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical educational programs. The Department generally requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the unencumbered balance of categorical educational program resources.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

3. Federal Revenue Sources

The School receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on the applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

4. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued liabilities using the vesting method. Under this method, the liability amount is estimated based on the accumulated leave at fiscal year-end for employees who are currently eligible, or expected to become eligible, to receive termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

5. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The

principal operating revenues of the School's proprietary funds are charges for sales and services associated with the enterprise funds; for premiums charged to the School and employees under various insurance programs; and for the use of the School's developed courses. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include salary, benefits, cost of sales and services, health insurance claims and fees. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. Accounting Changes, Adjustment to Beginning Net Position

A. Change in Accounting Principles

In 2022-2023, The Florida Virtual School implemented GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology (SBITA). The requirements of this statement are effective starting in fiscal year 2022-23. A SBITA is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under this statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and a subscription asset.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to the School. The School does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the School are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

B. Investments

Investments with a fair value of \$143,318,709 at June 30, 2023, are in the State Board of Administration investment pool (Florida PRIME) with a weighted average maturity (WAM) of 37 days. A portfolio's WAMP reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes. The School's investment in Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Florida PRIME currently meets all of the necessary GASB 79 criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost; therefore the account balance is reported at amortized cost. As of June 30, 2023 there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

C. <u>Receivables</u>

The \$21,289,140 reported as receivables consists of \$7,146,301 due from FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School and Florida franchises customers, \$9,591,118 course fees due from General Fund scholarship agencies and students and \$4,551,721 due from employee premium payments to the self-insurance fund.

D. Due From Other Agencies

The \$1,472,852 reported as due from other agencies consist of amounts due from the Florida Department of Education for grants expenditure reimbursements pending.

E. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the table as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	D	eletions	Balance 6/30/2023
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Capital Assets not being depreciated					
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 21,650	\$	-	\$ 21,650
Total capital asset not being depreciated	-	21,650		-	21,650
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	8,428,229	937,307		518,839	8,846,697
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 7,560,048	597,284		518,839	7,638,493
Total Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	 868,181	340,023		-	1,208,204
Internally Created Software	63,136,340	4,977,613		-	68,113,953
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 44,516,565	5,900,671		-	50,417,236
Total Internally Created Software	 18,619,775	(923,058)		-	17,696,717
Learning Management System	5,750,000	-		-	5,750,000
Less: Accumulated Amortization	3,450,000	575,000		-	4,025,000
Total Learning Management System	 2,300,000	(575,000)		-	1,725,000
Learning Content Management System	1,574,098	-		-	1,574,098
Less: Accumulated Amortization	1,574,098			-	1,574,098
Total Learning Content Management System	 -	-		-	-
Subscription Based IT Asset	-	4,176,249		-	4,176,249
Less: Accumulated Amortization	-	699,908		-	699,908
Total Subscription Based IT Asset	 -	3,476,341		-	3,476,341
Right to Use Leased Asset	2,109,781	1,848,786		-	3,958,567
Less: Accumulated Amortization	208,398	493,702		-	702,100
Total Right to Use Leased Asset	 1,901,383	1,355,084		-	3,256,467
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	 23,689,339	3,695,040		-	27,384,379
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	53,093	31,348		-	84,441
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	46,142	8,726		-	54,868
Total Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	 6,951	22,622		-	29,573
Internally Created Software	2,894,506	-		-	2,894,506
Less: Accumulated Amortization	2,894,506	-		-	2,894,506
Total Internally Created Software	 -	-		-	-
Total Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	 6,951	22,622		-	29,573
Total Gov't & Bus-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 23,696,290	\$ 3,717,662	\$	-	\$ 27,413,952

Depreciation/Amortization expense for the governmental funds was charged to functions for the year ended June 30, 2023 as follows:

Function	Amount			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Instruction	\$ 6,475,671			
Instructional Related Technology	494,578			
Board of Trustees	138			
General Administration	553			
Central Services	619			
Operation of Plant	825,990			
Administrative Related Technology	 469,016			
Total Depreciation/Amortization-Governmental Activities	\$ 8,266,565			

Depreciation expense of \$8,727 was charged to the business type activities.

F. <u>Retirement Plans</u>

1. Florida Retirement System (FRS) – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

<u>General Information about the FRS</u>. The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the School are eligible to enroll as members of the Stateadministered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and escribed in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two costsharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site <u>www.dms.myflorida.com</u>.

The School's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$37,398,032 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Teacher's Retirement System, Plan E and a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% of Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of the 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>*Contributions.*</u> The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2022-23 fiscal year were as follows:

Class or Plan	Percent of Gross Salary				
	Employee	Employer (A)			
Florida Retirement System, Regular	3.00	11.91			
Florida Retirement System, Senior Management Service	3.00	31.57			
Deferred Retirement Option Program - Applicable to					
members from all of the above classes or plans	0.00	18.60			

Notes: (A) In addition to the rates shown, employer rates include 1.66 percent for the post-employment insurance supplement. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administration costs of the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program.

The School's contributions to the Plan totaled \$18,587,167 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to FRS Pensions.</u> At June 30, 2023, the School reported a liability of \$148,600,336 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the School's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions

relative to the total 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the School's proportionate share was .399376991 percent, which is an increase of .040797000 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School recognized a Plan pension expense of \$30,293.474. In addition, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Outl	fows	of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	Go	v't Activities	Bus	-type Activities	Go	ov't Activities	Bus	-type Activiti	es
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	\$	6,775,352	\$	282,306	\$	-	\$		-
Changes in assumptions or other									
inputs		17,568,723		732,030		-			-
Net difference between projected									
and actual earnings on pension									
plan investments		9,419,578		392,482		-			-
Changes in proportion and									
differences between district									
contributions and proportionate									
share of contributions		32,250,422		1,343,768		-			-
District contributions subsequent to	o the	9							
measurement date		17,843,680		743,487		-			-
Total	\$	83,857,755	\$	3,494,073	\$	-	\$		-

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$18,587,167, will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending, June 30	Amo	unt
2024	\$	17,650,235
2025		12,011,491
2026		5,514,263
2027		31,234,422
2028		2,354,250
Thereafter		-
Totals	\$	68,764,661

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.70 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB 2010 base table projected generationally with MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed Income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global Equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic Investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.3%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

<u>Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the</u> <u>Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.70 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.70 percent) that the current rate

	FRS Net Pension Liability (Asset)					
		1% Decrease	Current		1% Increase	
		5.70%	6.70%		7.70%	
NPL per FRS	\$	64,348,740,193 \$	37,208,036,193	\$	14,515,178,193	
FLVS proportionate @ measurement date		0.00399376991	0.00399376991		0.00399376991	
FLVS proportionate share of NPL	\$	256,994,062 \$	148,600,336	\$	57,970,282	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u>. At June 30, 2023, the School reported \$1,223,739 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The School contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and proceeding three years. HIS

Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$3,578,425 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIS Pensions. At June 30, 2023, the School reported a net pension liability of \$59,057,042 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the School's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within one year, net of the School's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, and update procedures were used to calculate the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022. The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the School's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the School's proportionate share was .557583911 percent, and increase of .046789345 from its proportionate share share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School recognized HIS pension expense of \$7,104,558 related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflo	ws	of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	 Gov't Activities	E	Bus-type Activities	Gov't Activities	Bus-typ	e Activities	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	\$ 1,720,820	\$	71,701	\$ (249,462)	\$	(10,394)	
Changes in assumptions or other							
inputs	3,249,780		135,408	(8,770,644)		(365,445)	
Net difference between projected							
and actual earnings on pension							
plan investments	82,082		3,420	-		-	
Changes in proportion and							
differences between district							
contributions and proportionate						-	
share of contributions	15,087,502		628,647	-			
Adjustment due to difference between							
estimated and actual deferred outflows							
subsequent to measurement date,	-		-	-		-	
District contributions subsequent							
to measurement date	 3,435,288		143,137	-		-	
Total	\$ 23,575,472	\$	982,313	\$ (9,020,106)	\$	(375,839)	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$3,578,425, resulting from School contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending, June 30	Amount
2024	\$ 2,853,119
2025	2,963,905
2026	3,087,917
2027	2,499,449
2028	417,322
Thereafter	 (238,297)
Totals	\$ 11,583,415

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	3.54 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational Pub-2010 with Projected Scale MP-2018.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate changed from 2.16 percent to 3.54 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the</u> <u>Discount Rate.</u> The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current rate:

HIS Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	1	1% Decrease 2.54%		Current 3.54%		1% Increase 4.54%	
NPL per FRS	\$ 2	12,117,656,828	\$	10,591,597,209	\$	9,328,814,334	
FLVS proportionate @ measurement date	().00557583911		0.00557583911		0.00557583911	
FLVS proportionate share of NPL	\$	67,566,105	\$	59,057,042	\$	52,015,968	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.</u> Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u>. At June 30, 2023, the School reported a payable of \$285,977 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

2. FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. School employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members.

Allocations to the investment members accounts during the 2021-22 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of
	Gross
<u>Class</u>	Compensation
FRS, Regular	9.30
FRS, Senior Management Service	14.34

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee 30, 2023, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the School.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lumpsum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The School's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$7,624,220 and there were 1058 School participates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u>. At June 30, 2023, the School reported a payable of \$499,015 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

3. Allocation of Pension-Related Amounts to Proprietary Funds

Management believes allocation of pension-related amounts to any internal service funds to be inappropriate, as these funds are not trying to allocate pension expense to the user funds. In addition, management believes the proportionate amounts that would be allocated based on FRS-eligible payroll to be immaterial to the internal service funds.

G. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

<u>Plan Description</u>. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the School. Pursuant to the provision of the Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the School, and eligible dependents, may continue to participate in the School's health and hospitalization plan for medical and prescription coverages. The

School subsidizes the premium rates paid by the retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at the blended group premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the School on average than those of active employees. The School does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. No assets are accumulated in the trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>Benefit Terms and Employees Covered.</u> Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the School and OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through recommendation of the Insurance Committee and action from the Board. The School has not advanced funded or established a funding methodology for the annual OPEB costs or the total OPEB obligation. As of the valuation date, June 30, 2022, there were 3,317 active participants and 15 inactive participants (retirees plus surviving spouses) receiving postemployment healthcare benefits. The School provided contributions estimated at \$122,523 toward annual OPEB costs, comprised of benefit payments made on behalf of the retirees net of retiree contributions. Required contributions are based on projected pay-as-yougo financing.

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>. The School's total OPEB liability of \$26,061,902 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The School's total OPEB liability increased \$3,315,241 compared to last year's liability of \$22,746,661.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs.</u> The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Discount Rate	3.69%
Salary Increases	3.4% - 7.8%
General Inflation	2.25%
Mortality Rates – Healthy Female	Mortality rates are the same as used in the July 1,
	2021 actuarial valuation of the
	Florida Retirement System for
	K-12 Instructional Regular Class members. These rates
	were taken from adjusted Pub-2010 mortality tables
	published by SOA with generational mortality
	improvements using scale MP-2018. Adjustments
	to reference tables are based on the results of a state-
	wide experience study covering the period 2013 through 2018.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 6.50%
nearlieare cost mena nates	and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of
	4.00%.
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From
	Birth to Death".
Expenses	Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health costs.

The School selected the economic, demographic, and health care claim cost assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation. The current actuary provided guidance with respect to the economic assumptions. The prior actuary provided guidance with respect to the demographic assumptions, the health care participation rate assumption, and the spouse coverage election rate assumption. The demographic assumptions were based on those employed in the July 1, 2021, Pension Actuarial Valuation of the FRS, which were developed by the FRS from an Actuarial Experience Study. These include assumed rates of future termination, mortality, disability, and retirement. In addition, salary increase assumptions for development of the pattern of the normal cost increases were the same as those used by the FRS.

<u>Changes to the Total OPEB Liability.</u> Below are the details regarding the total OPEB liability for the measurement period from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

	٦	Fotal OPEB Liability
Balance Recognized at 7/1/2022	\$	22,746,661
Changes for the Fiscal Year:		
Service Cost		1,902,679
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		472,091
Difference Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		5,248,286
Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs		(4,185,292)
Benefit Payments		(122,523)
Net Changes		3,315,241
Balance at 6/30/2023	\$	26,061,902

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School, as well as what the School's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.69 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.69 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount						
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase				
	2.69%	3.69%	4.69%				
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 31,621,507	\$ 26,061,902	\$ 21,576,114				

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend.</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School, as well as what the School's total OPEB liability would be if it were

calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare cost						
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase				
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 20,626,289	\$ 26,061,902	\$ 33,485,481				

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.</u> For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$2,405,413. At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Difference between Expected and		
Actual Experience	\$ 7,261,235	\$-
Assumption changes		
Changes of Assumptions or		
Other Inputs	3,271,383	9,088,639
Benefits Paid Subsequent to the		
Measure Date	153,266	
Total	\$ 10,685,884	\$ 9,088,639

Amounts recognized in the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year Ending, June 30	Ann	ual Expense		
2024	\$	30,643		
2025		30,643		
2026		30,643		
2027		30,643		
2028		30,643		
Thereafter		1,290,764		
Total	\$	\$ 1,443,979		

H. Risk Management Programs

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Florida Virtual School is a member of the North East Florida Educational Consortium (NEFEC) under which several district school boards have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the Consortium. However, workers' compensation for employees who reside in states other than Florida is provided through fully insured plans that are not part of NEFEC. Arthur Gallagher Risk Management Services handles the School's multi-state workers' compensation policy for all states in which we have employees that allow such a policy. Section 1001.42(10)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the School to enter in such a risk management program. The Consortium is selfsustaining through member assessments (premiums), and purchases coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Reinsurance from commercial companies provided excess property coverage of up to \$50 million during the 2022-23 fiscal year. The Board of Directors of the Consortium is composed of superintendents of all participating districts and schools. The Putnam County District School Board serves as fiscal agent for the Consortium. The School has not reduced insurance coverage for the past two years. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

The School provides group health, life and disability insurance to benefited employees. There are two different health plans offered. All are PPO (Preferred Organization) plans, with one plan offering a lower-premium higher-deductible option coupled with an employer-funded HRA contribution. Under these plans, the Board contributes to a portion of the premiums as part of the "fringe benefits" offered to employees. These plans offer four participant tiers to include employee-only, employee plus spouse, employee plus child(ren), and full family coverage. The two plans are administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Florida. The School reported an estimated unpaid claims liability of \$1,867,066.

I. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
Description	7/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023	One Year
Comp Abs - Governmental Activities	\$ 32,770,488	\$ 4,783,880	\$ 1,203,928	\$ 36,350,440	\$ 3,351,566
Comp Abs - Business-type Activities	1,139,714	-	136,651	1,003,063	104,139
Total Compensated Absences Payable	33,910,202	4,783,880	1,340,579	37,353,503	3,455,705
OPEB - Governmental Activities	21,836,794	6,450,714	3,268,083	25,019,425	-
OPEB - Business-type Activities	909,866	268,781	136,170	1,042,477	-
Total Other Post Employment Benefits	22,746,660	6,719,495	3,404,253	26,061,902	-
Pension - Governmental Activities	85,033,273	215,296,087	102,098,518	198,230,842	-
Pension - Business-type Activities	4,709,970	8,970,671	4,254,105	9,426,536	-
Total Net Pension Liability	89,743,243	224,266,758	106,352,623	207,657,378	-
Subscription Based Arrangement Payable	-	4,176,249	1,173,053	3,003,196	1,477,675
Obligaton under Leases-Governmental Activites	1,914,775	1,848,786	442,524	3,321,037	569,874
Total Liability for right to use assets	1,914,775	6,025,035	1,615,577	6,324,233	2,047,549
Total Governmental Activities - LT Liabilities	141,555,330	232,555,716	108,186,106	265,924,940	5,399,115
Total Business-Type Activities - LT Liabilities	 6,759,550	 9,239,452	 4,526,926	 11,472,076	 104,139
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 148,314,880	\$ 241,795,168	\$ 112,713,032	\$ 277,397,016	\$ 5,503,254

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund. Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and pensions for business-type activities are generally liquidated with the enterprise fund.

J. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the School's State revenue for the General Fund for 2022-2023 fiscal year:

Source	2022-2023
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 286,473,198
Other State Sources	
Other State Sources:	
Reading Program	2,631,720
Miscellaneous State	 4,735,638
Total Other State Sources	 7,367,358
Total State Revenue	\$ 293,840,556

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note I.F.2.

K. Encumbrances

Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

L. Lease Obligations

In accordance with GASB 87, the School reported \$2,109,781 in FY22 and \$1,848,786 in FY23 for lease obligations and corresponding right-to-use assets consisting of data servers, racks and the headquarters building.

The School is obligated under three separate lease agreements.

<u>JT Communications</u>: A lease agreement beginning December 1, 2021 for the use of servers and racks. The lease terms consist of a period of 72 months with a monthly principal and interest payment of \$14,486.

<u>Xecunet:</u> A lease agreement beginning January 1, 2022 for the use of servers and racks. The lease term consists of a period of 60 months with a monthly principal and interest payment of \$21,674.

<u>Sand Lake West Building</u>: A lease agreement beginning February 1, 2023 for the use of Sand Lake West Headquarters. The lease term consists of a period of 90 months with a monthly principal and interest payment of \$27,529.88.

Future principal and interest payment requirements related to the School's lease liability and obligations under financing agreements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Fiscal year ending 6/30	Total Payments		Principal Payments		Interest ayments	
2024	\$	671,543		\$ 569,874	\$	101,669
2025		681,727		600,968		80,759
2026		692,215		633,439		58,776
2027		572,975		536,209		36,766
2028		352,657		330,062		22,595
Thereafter		671,375		650,485		20,890
	\$	3,642,492		\$ 3,321,037	\$	321,455

M. Subscription Based Liability

The School has a 36 month subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) for the right to use Workday totaling \$4,176,249. The School has discounted the future minimum payments using its incremental borrowing rate of 3.2380 percent. Future minimum payments under the SBITA and the present value of the minimum payments as of June 30, are as follows:

Fiscal year ending 6/30	Total Payments				Interest ayments
2024 2025	\$	1,574,918 1,574,918	\$	1,477,675 1,525,522	\$ 97,243 49,396
2020	\$	3,149,836	\$	3,003,197	\$ 146,639

N. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the proprietary financial statements at June 30, 2023:

Interfund						
Т	ransfer In	Transfer Out				
\$	6,767,005	\$	-			
	4,635,714		-			
	-		3,867,237			
	-		768,478			
	-		6,767,004			
\$	11,402,719	\$	11,402,719			
	\$	Transfer In \$ 6,767,005 4,635,714 - -	Transfer In Transfer In \$ 6,767,005 \$ 4,635,714 - - - - -			

The interfund transfers represent a transfer of profit from the FlexPoint, FlexPoint Virtual School, and Franchises enterprise funds to the governmental and internal service funds for the development of student courses and for various technology upgrades.

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund						
Funds	Re	ceivables	F	Payables			
General Fund	\$	850,293	\$	-			
Special Revenue Fund		-		850,293			
Total	\$	850,293	\$	850,293			

The interfund amounts represent temporary loans to cover expenditures incurred prior to reimbursement from the outside sources.

IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the School may be involved in litigation. Currently, the School is not aware of any pending or threatened legal actions that would have a material effect on the financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2023

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund						
				Variance			
	Budgetee	d Amounts		Positive /			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
REVENUES	<u> </u>						
State Sources:							
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 292,707,191	\$ 286,473,198	\$ 286,473,198	\$-			
Reading Program	2,701,351	2,631,720	2,631,720	-			
Mental Health	2,363,230	2,314,296	2,314,296	-			
Other State Sources	12,695,790	14,364,269	13,678,556	(685,713)			
Total State Sources	310,467,562	305,783,483	305,097,770	(685,713)			
Local Sources:							
Other Local Sources	6,199,823	15 107 707	15,362,214	234,487			
Total Local Sources	6,199,823	<u> </u>	15,362,214	234,487			
Total Local Sources	0,199,023	13,127,727	15,302,214	234,407			
Total Revenues	316,667,385	320,911,210	320,459,984	(451,226)			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction	220,430,160	236,878,485	223,209,568	13,668,917			
Pupil Personnel Services	12,656,494	14,300,324	13,606,990	693,334			
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	949,563	392,657	352,094	40,563			
Instructional Staff Training Services	4,405,582	7,268,200	6,373,464	894,736			
Instruction Related Technology	15,643,858	18,061,399	15,213,413	2,847,986			
School Board	6,501,722	4,810,291	3,574,732	1,235,559			
General Administration	1,214,082	2,962,826	2,899,970	62,856			
School Administration	13,640,777	14,064,486	13,525,795	538,691			
Fiscal Services	5,657,769	3,249,696	3,200,859	48,837			
Central Services	20,645,931	20,744,231	17,716,094	3,028,137			
Operation of Plant	2,829,202	2,394,264	1,926,906	467,358			
Administrative Technology Services	18,876,575	22,015,741	16,364,384	5,651,357			
Community Services	171,127	120,053	90,647	29,406			
Debt Service:							
Obligation for right to use assets	-	-	6,025,035	-			
Capital Outlay:							
Other Capital Outlay		2,105,627	958,957	1,146,670			
Total Expenditures	323,622,842	349,368,280	325,038,908	30,354,406			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(6,955,457)	(28,457,070)	(4,578,924)	23,878,145			
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	8,985,558	6,767,005	6,767,005	-			
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-			
Lease proceeds	-	-	6,025,035	(6,025,035)			
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)	8,985,558	6,767,005	12,792,040	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,030,101	(21,690,066)	8,213,116	23,878,145			
Fund Balance, beginning	137,249,470	137,249,470	137,249,470	-			
Fund Balance, ending	\$ 139,279,571	\$ 115,559,404	\$ 145,462,586	\$ 23,878,145			
· •							

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted A	mounts	3				Variance Positive /
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	-						`	
Federal Through State Sources:								
Grants to local educational agencies	\$	3,682,289	\$	4,299,610	\$	3,958,180	\$	(341,430)
Education stabilization funds		3,823,312		11,364,220		3,254,705		(8,109,515)
Total Federal Through State		7,505,601		15,663,830		7,212,885		(8,450,945)
State Sources:								
Other State Sources		-		-		69,162		69,162
Total State Sources		-		-		69,162		69,162
Local Sources:								
Other Local Sources		-				117,657		117,657
Total Local Sources		<u> </u>				117,657		117,657
Total Revenues		7,505,601		15,663,830		7,399,704		(8,264,126)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction		4,148,540		10,379,634		3,978,260		6,401,374
Pupil Personnel Services		1,365,423		1,440,526		1,290,925		149,601
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		623,730		1,544,797		499,413		1,045,384
Instructional Staff Training Services		541,367		641,015		518,269		122,746
Instruction Related Technology		16,870		20,360		17,141		3,219
General Administration		486,656		781,269		435,373		345,896
School Administration		256,475		751,122		480,862		270,260
Central Services		66,540		105,109		61,803		43,306
Community Services Capital Outlay:				165,867		93,644		72,223
Total Expenditures		7,505,601		15,829,698		7,375,690		8,454,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	_	(165,867)		24,014		189,881
Net Change in Fund Balance				(165,867)		24,014		189,881
Fund Balance, July 1,2022		48,210		48,210		48,210		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	48,210	\$	(117,657)	\$	72,224	\$	189,881
1 and Balance, built 00, 2020	Ψ	70,210	Ψ	(117,007)	Ψ	12,224	Ψ	100,001

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the School's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost	\$	1,902,679 \$	1,195,880 \$	1,224,328 \$	842,685 \$	819,985 \$	1,022,582
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		472,091	483,535	597,974	576,366	562,543	485,986
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience							
of the Total OPEB Liability		5,248,286	-	1,555,956	-	1,680,209	-
Changes of Assumptions and other inputs		(4,185,292)	2,559,636	(2,618,890)	1,443,105	(2,910,182)	(2,037,559)
Benefit payments	_	(122,523)	(65,233)	(133,602)	11,810	(122,458)	(97,550)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,315,241	4,173,818	625,766	2,873,966	30,097	(626,541)
Total OPEB Liability, beginning		22,746,661	18,572,843	17,947,077	15,073,111	15,043,014	15,669,555
Total OPEB Liability, ending	\$	26,061,902 \$	22,746,661 \$	18,572,843 \$	17,947,077 \$	15,073,111 \$	15,043,014
Covered-employee payroll	\$	204,398,918 \$	182,853,646 \$	137,263,061 \$	128,878,886 \$	117,822,135 \$	109,364,998
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.75%	12.44%	13.53%	13.93%	12.79%	13.75%

Note: Six years of data available for GASB 75 compliance which was adopted June 30, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Virtual School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.399376991%	0.358579551%	0.248971694%	0.245302657%	0.229582713%	0.220371423%	0.200875549%	0.201089408%	0.203303739%
Florida Virtual School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 148,600,336 \$	27,086,610 \$	107,908,002 \$	84,478,820 \$	69,151,503 \$	65,184,388 \$	50,721,234 \$	25,973,394 \$	12,404,518
Florida Virtual School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 204,398,918 \$	182,853,646 \$	137,263,061 \$	128,878,886 \$	117,822,135 \$	109,364,998 \$	109,364,998 \$	101,434,489 \$	91,872,334
Florida Virtual School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	72.70%	14.81%	78.61%	65.55%	58.69%	59.60%	46.38%	25.61%	13.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 18,587,167 \$	17,042,143 \$	13,660,332 \$	8,272,226 \$	7,606,152 \$	6,542,923 \$	5,736,811 \$	4,898,671 \$	4,902,731
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (18,587,167) \$	(17,042,143) \$	(13,660,332) \$	(8,272,226) \$	(7,606,152) \$	(6,542,923) \$	(5,736,811) \$	(4,898,671) \$	(4,902,731)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Florida Virtual School's covered-employee payroll	 204,398,918	182,853,646 \$	137,263,061 \$	128,878,886 \$	117,822,135 \$	109,364,998 \$	109,364,998 \$	101,434,489 \$	91,872,334
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.09%	9.32%	9.95%	6.42%	6.46%	5.98%	5.25%	4.83%	5.34%

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Virtual School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	 0.557583911%	0.510794566%	0.392541540%	0.386649715%	0.363314651%	0.355025456%	0.328567617%	0.307188119%	0.313815997%
Florida Virtual School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 59,057,042 \$	62,656,633 \$	47,928,683 \$	43,262,234 \$	38,453,631 \$	37,960,960 \$	38,293,195 \$	31,328,356 \$	29,342,561
Florida Virtual School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 204,398,918 \$	182,853,646 \$	137,263,061 \$	128,878,886 \$	117,822,135 \$	109,364,998 \$	109,364,998 \$	101,434,489 \$	91,872,334
Florida Virtual School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	28.89%	34.27%	34.92%	33.57%	32.64%	34.71%	35.01%	30.89%	31.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

The Florida Virtual School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	 2022	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,578,425 \$	3,373,852 \$	3,002,455 \$	2,262,033 \$	2,147,028 \$	1,970,265 \$	1,878,897 \$	1,684,118 \$	1,174,264
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (3,578,425) \$	(3,373,852) \$	(3,002,455) \$	(2,262,033) \$	(2,147,028) \$	(1,970,265) \$	(1,878,897) \$	(1,684,118) \$	(1,174,264)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Florida Virtual School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 204,398,918 \$	182,853,646 \$	137,263,061 \$	128,878,886 \$	117,822,135 \$	109,364,998 \$	109,364,998 \$	101,434,489 \$	91,872,334
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.75%	1.85%	2.19%	1.76%	1.82%	1.80%	1.72%	1.66%	1.28%

THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL Required Supplementary Information Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Basis of Budgeting

The Board follows procedures established by State statutes and State Board of Education rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public meetings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and State Board of Education rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each function (e.g., instruction, pupil personnel services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board of Trustees meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders and other commitments are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

2. Schedule of Changes in the School's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

- The discount rate was changed from 1.92 percent as of June 30, 2021, to 3.69 percent as of June 30, 2022 measurement date.
- The salary increase rates were updated to the rates used by the Florida Retirement System for Regular Class members in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – FRS Pension Plan

Changes in Assumptions. In 2022, the long term expected rate of return decreased from 6.80% to 6.70%.

4. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – HIS Pension Plan.

Changes in Assumptions. In 2022, the municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 2.16 percent to 3.54 percent.



OTHER REPORTS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2023

THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ederal Pass-Through Entity	Assistance	Contract/ Grant	Contract	
	Assistance Listing Number	Number	Period	Expenditure
ederal Program	Listing Number	Number	Period	Experiature
ederal Awards				
S. Department of Education direct:				
Passed through the State of Florida Department of Education				
Carl D. Perkins Career & Technical Education	84.048A	48C-1613R-3CV01	10/17/22 - 06/30/23	\$ 28,30
Title I - Part A, Education of Disadvantaged Children & Youth	84.010A	48C-2123B-3CB01	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	1,469,42
Title II - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting Fund	84.367A	48C-2243B-3CT01	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	286,47
Title III - English Lanuage Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	48C-1023B-3C001	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	27,84
Title IV - Student Support & Academic Enrichment	84.424A	48C-2412A-2C001	08/01/21 - 07/31/22	11,22
Title IV - Student Support & Academic Enrichment	84.424A	48C-2413A-3C001	08/01/22 - 08/31/23	69,09
Special Education Cluster:				1,892,36
IDEA - Part B K-12	84.027A	48C-2633B-3CB01	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	2,065,82
IDEA - Part B Preschool Entitlement	84.173A	48C-2673B-3CP01	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	-
				2,065,8
				3,958,1
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):				
COVID-19 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response & Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021	84.425D	48C-1241E-1CR01	07/01/21 - 09/30/23	380,3
COVID-19 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response & Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021	84.425D	48C-1281E-2C001	12/15/21 - 09/30/23	149,1
COVID-19 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response & Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021	84.425D	48C-1281N-3CR01	11/02/22 - 09/30/23	105,0
COVID-19 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response & Relief				
Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021 COVID-19 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response & Relief	84.425D	48C-1240S-1CR01	01/01/21 - 07/31/22	3,9
Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021 COVID-19 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response & Relief	84.425D	48C-1241P-2C001	01/1/22 - 09/30/23	519,1
Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021	84.425D	48C-1241D-1CR01	08/11/21 - 09/30/23	60,8
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	48C-1211A-2C001	01/31/22 - 09/30/24	301,2
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	48C-1211D-2CR01	07/15/22 - 09/30/24	318,2
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	48C-1211G-2CR01	06/03/22 - 08/31/23	82,6
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	48C-1211H-2CR01	10/04/22 - 09/30/24	1,1
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	48C-1211K-2C001	01/31/22 - 09/30/24	564,4
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	48C-1211R-2CR01	09/09/22 - 09/30/24	232,1
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary				
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary	84.425U	48C-1211T-3CR01	11/02/22 - 9/30/24	77,70
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary	84.425U	48C-1221B-2CR01	12/22/21 - 09/30/24	26,64
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary	84.027X	48C-2632R-2CB01	07/01/21 - 09/30/23	419,93
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.173X	48C-2672R-2CP01	07/01/21 - 09/30/23	12,10

Total Federal Awards

See Accompanying Notes to Schedule

\$ 7,212,886

THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards of the Florida Virtual School. The School reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the School's Basic Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. All federal awards passed through to other government agencies are included in the schedule.

NOTE 2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School's Basic Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 3. De Minimis Cost Rate

The School did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered by 2 CFR Section 200.414.

NOTE 4. ESSER II – Coronavirus Response & Relief Supplemental Appropriations

Pre-Award costs are authorized for any allowable expenditure incurred on or after March 13, 2020, the date the President declared the national emergency due to COVID-19 per the RFA documents received from the Florida Department of Education. Pre-Award costs were incurred for two ESSER II grants prior to the grant award date of July 1, 2021, and are reflected in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023.

THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of Auditor's Report Issue	<u>d</u> :	Unmodified	Opinion
Internal control over financial rep	orting:		
• Material weakness(es) ident	ified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
• Significant deficiency(ies) i	dentified?	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to finance	Yes	<u>X</u> No	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major progra	ams:		
• Material weakness(es) ident	ified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
• Significant deficiency(ies)?		Yes	X None reported
Type of report issued on complian	nce for major federal program:	Unmodified	Opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that accordance with Section 200.516		Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of Major Program	<u>ns</u> :		
Assistance Listing Numbers 84.010 84.425	<u>Name of Federal Program or Clus</u> Title I – Part A, Educations of Disad Education Stabilization Fund		lren & Youth

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

<u>\$750,000</u>

X Yes No

THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Findings Related to the Financial Statement Audit, as required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

No matters were reported.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Section reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance

No matters were reported.

THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAM AUDIT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School Orlando, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Florida Virtual School (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pursuant to provisions of Chapter 10.850, *Rules of the Auditor General*, we reported certain matters to management of the School in a separate management letter dated February 20, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 20, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School Orlando, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of The Florida Virtual School (the "School") with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibility of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School's federal programs.

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. Our report on the basic financial statements included disclosures regarding our reference to the reports of other auditors. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 20, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School Orlando, Florida

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of The Florida Virtual School (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2024.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.850, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and report on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, and our Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.850, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 20, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In conjunction with our audit, we determined that no findings were reported in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title of the entity be disclosed in the management letter. The official title of the entity is The Florida Virtual School.

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School

Financial Management

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Trustees, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 20, 2024



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Chairman and Members of The Board of Trustees The Florida Virtual School Orlando, Florida

We have examined the compliance of The Florida Virtual School (the "School") with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended June 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the School's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the School complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the whether the School complied with the aforementioned requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the School's compliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the School's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the School complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 20, 2024